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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AFRICA.

Report from Cape Town—Plague-infected rodents found at East London.

The following is received from the medical officer of health for Cape Colony, under date of June 11, 1906:

East London.—Week ended June 9, 1906: 249 rodents, of which 67 were found dead, bacteriologically examined. Of this number 1 was found to be plague-infected.

Week ended June 2, 1906: 160 rodents bacteriologically examined; 22 found dead; 1 plague-infected.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Cooke reports as follows:

Week ended July 12, 1906. Present officially estimated population, 9,000; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
July 6	Olympia	New Orleans	44
9	W. H. Fielding	Stamford, Conn	6	2

CHINA.

Reports from Hongkong—Quarantine restrictions—Quarantinable diseases.

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports as follows:

Week ended May 26, 1906:

Restrictions enforced by Hongkong remain as reported on May 5, 1906.

Restrictions enforced against Hongkong remain as reported on May 5, 1906.

Communicable diseases: Plague, 116 cases, 116 deaths; smallpox, 5 cases, 4 deaths.

Week ended June 2, 1906:

Communicable diseases: Plague, 73 cases, 72 deaths; smallpox, 1 case, 1 death; enteric fever, 1 case, 1 death.

Week ended June 9, 1906:

Communicable diseases: Plague, 51 cases, 48 deaths; smallpox, 5 cases, 3 deaths.

Precautions taken at Hongkong during the month of May, 1906, for the protection of the public health of the United States, the insular territory, and the Republic of Panama.

Vessels inspected and granted bills of health	37
Vessels fumigated to kill vermin	2
Examined for diseases contemplated in paragraphs 29 and 67 of the Quarantine Regulations:	
(a) Personnel	3, 230
(b) Passengers	1, 400
Required to bathe and undergo special examination:	
(a) Personnel	2, 693
(b) Passengers	283
Examined for diseases contemplated by the laws controlling immigration:	
Aliens	221
Rejected	53
Baggage:	
(a) Inspected and labeled	10
(b) Disinfected and labeled	3, 152

Communicable diseases: Plague, 353 cases, 346 deaths; smallpox, 19 cases, 15 deaths; cholera, 1 case, 1 death.

Return of rat examination for plague infection: Examined, 2,781; infected, 89.

Cargo stored (paragraph 22): Bristles, 60 cases; human hair, 17 cases.

Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Number of emigrants per steamship *Nippon Maru* recommended June 19, 1906, for rejection: For Honolulu, 1; for San Francisco, 8.

Reports from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Amoy declared an infected port—Leprosy and smallpox.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports June 12 and 20 as follows:

Week ended June 19, 1906: Three supplemental bills of health granted to 3 steamers. There were inspected 3 vessels, 444 crew and 100 steerage passengers, and 2 cases of illness, neither of which proved quarantinable, were investigated. There were also inspected 27 pieces of freight and 1 piece of baggage, and 5 pieces of the latter were disinfected. Manifests were viséed for 6,798 pieces of freight.

Four immigrants for San Francisco per steamship *Mongolia* were examined, one of whom was recommended for rejection, and vaccination certificates were issued to 2 individuals bound to American ports.

The port authorities here have declared Amoy an infected port. The disease is not stated in the notification.

There were no official reports of quarantinable diseases received from other outposts.

Week ended June 16, 1906: Three original bills of health issued to 2 steamers and 1 sailing vessel, and 3 supplemental bills of health to 3 steamers. There were inspected 6 vessels, 596 crew and 393 steerage passengers, and there were disinfected 66 pieces of baggage. Vaccination certificates were issued to 97 persons bound to the United States, and 1 immigrant per steamship *Minnesota* to Seattle was